

Phonemic Awareness Skills Baseline Assessment: 1st Grade

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Assessment Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Phonemic Awareness Baseline Assessment

Phonemic Awareness Skills R					
You may discontinue the skill if there are no correct responses within the first 5 words.					
f the student is unable to give a correct response within 4 seconds, the administrator can move onto the next assessment word.					
Directions: Mark a correct response with a plus sign (+). Mark an incorrect response with a dash (-) or record the incorrect response					

## **Rhyme Production**

Teacher Administration Directions: Words that rhyme sound alike at the end. Listen to these words: sad, mad. Sad is a word that rhymes with mad. Now it's your turn. I will say a word and you tell me a word that rhymes with mice.

Note to teacher: Nonsense words are acceptable.

If student repeats the provided word, you can prompt by saying, "Can you give me another rhyming word?"

Correct response	Yes, mice and rhyme. (rice,			
Incorrect response	Mice and do not rhyme. A w nice?	Mice and do not rhyme. A word that rhymes with mice is nice. They sound alike at the end. Can you say mice nice?		
I will say a word. Can	you say the word back to me an	nd tell me a word that rhymes?		
1. tap		6. kite		
2. red		7. bake		
3. fish		8. seed		
4. hop		9. blue		
5. sun		10. coat	/10	

Teacher Administration I "dog" is /d/. Can you rep	<b>Onset Fluency:</b> Isolate the Initial Sound RF.1.2.C Teacher Administration Directions: I will say a word and isolate the first sound in the word. The word is "dog." The first sound we hear in the word "dog" is /d/. Can you repeat this back to me – dog, /d/? Now it's your turn. What is the first sound you hear in the word "kind"?					
Correct response	Yes, /k/ is the first sound we hear in t	the word "kind".				
Incorrect response	/k/, kind. /k/ is the first sound we hea Let's try it again. Say, kind. What is t	r in the word "kind." the first sound you hear in the word "kind?"				
I will say a word and	you will repeat it. What is the first	sound you hear in the word? If incorrect, write the	ne sound the child says.			
Teacher Note: If a stude hear?"	ent responds with the letter name rathe	er than the letter sound say, "That is a letter name. What is t	he first <u>sound</u> you			
1. peach	/p/	6. garden /g/				
2. bell	/b/	7. dessert /d/				
3. cost	lc/	8. ribbon /r/				
4. lake	/\/	9. happy /h/				
5. name	/n/	10. Wednesday /w/	/10			



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Blending Syllables Teacher Administration Di blend the syllables, den -	irections: I will s	ay the syllables of a	word and blend them to	gether to make the wl		tist. When I
Correct response	Yes. W	hen you blend the s	syllables, /mem-ber/ it is	the word member.		
Incorrect response	When I	blend the syllables,	/mem-ber/, it is the wor	d member. Say it w	ith me: /mem-ber/, me	mber.
I will say the syllables	. What is the	whole word?		If incorrec	ct, write the word the chi	ld says.
1. rain - y			6. kind - est			
2. mas - ter			7. jump – ing _			
3. re - cess			8. small – er			
4. sū – per			9. tab - let			
5. be – fore			10. fan – tas - ti	C		/10
Isolating Final Sou Teacher Administration Di "week" is /k/. Can you say Now it's your turn. I will sa	irections: I will s y that back to me	ay a word and isolate e: week, /k/?	e the last sound in the w	ord. The word is "we	ek." The last sound I h	RF.1.2.C ear in the word
Correct response	Yes, /t/ is the	last sound you hear	r in the word vote.			
Incorrect response			e word "vote". Vote, /t/. sound you hear in the v		c to me? "vote", /t/.	
I will say a word and y Teacher Note: If a stude hear?"			ather than the letter so		If incorrect, write the s	
1. zip	/p/	5. feel	/\/	9. dive	/v/	_
2. seem	/m/	6. tag		10. could	_ /d/	
3. sock	/k/	7. miss	ls/			
4. nut	/t/	8. pine	/n/			/10
Segmenting Words Teacher Administration Di laughing, I hear two syllab "center?"	irections: I will s	ay a word and segm	ent the word into syllable	es. Listen, laughing,	laugh - ing. When I seg	
Correct response	Yes. When	you segment "cente	er" into syllables, you he	ear /cen - ter/ (or /ce	nt – er/ is acceptable)	
Incorrect response When I segment "center" into syllables, I hear 2 syllables: /cen - ter/. Say it back to me: center, cen - ter						
I will say a word. You	will say it bac	k to me and segm	ent the word into sy	llables.	If incorrect, write wi	hat the child says.
1. morning		5. excite		9. fever		
2. frozen 6. pocket			10. president			
3. stormy		7. helpful				
4. forty 8. window						/10
		1				



Isolating Medial Sou	Isolating Medial Sound in Words (Student can use the roller coaster or punch out the medial sound hand motion when responding.) RF.1.2.C						
Teacher Administration Direc middle/vowel sound I hear in Now it's your turn. I will say a	the word "mu	ch" is /ŭ/. Can you say	that: much, /ŭ/?			ie	
Correct response	Yes, /ĭ/ is th	(es, /ĭ/ is the middle/vowel sound you hear in the word "sick".					
Incorrect response		dle/vowel sound you h gain. Say, "sick." What			vord "sick?"		
I will say a word and you	u will say it b	back to me. What is	the middle/vowel s	sound you hear in			
Teacher Note: If a student hear?"	responds wi	th the letter name rath	ner than the letter so	und say, "That is a	If incorrect, write the sour letter name. What is	nd the child says. the <u>sound</u> you	
1. red		5. van		9. goat			
2. lip		6. rule		10. nine			
3. nut		7. lake					
4. sock		8. bead				/10	
	:						
Blending Phonemes Teacher Administration Direc When I blend those 3 sound Now it's your turn. Listen to	ctions: I will sa s together, /h -	ay the sounds in a word - ŭ - g/, the word is hug	and blend those sour	nds together to say th	e whole word. Listen. /h	RF.1.2.B – ŭ – g/, hug.	
Correct response	Yes, when	you blend the 3 sounds	s /t - <b>ā</b> - k/, the word is	stake.			
Incorrect response	When I bler	nd the 3 sounds /t – $\bar{a}$ -	- k/, the word is take.	Say this back to m	e: /t – <b>ā</b> – k/, take.		
I will say the sounds. W	hat is the w	ord?		1			
1. w-ĭ-n (wir	ו)	5. <b>n-ĕ-</b> k	(neck)	9. s-ī-t	(sight)		
2. g-ĕ-t (ge	t)	6. p-ā-d	(paid)	10. c-ū-b	(cube)		
3. h- <b>ă</b> -z (ha	as)	7. с-й-р	(cup)				
4. j-ŏ-b (job	))	8. h-ō-m	(home)			/10	
<b>Segmenting Words into Phonemes</b> (Teacher & student can use chopping hand motion to show phonemes.) RF.1.2. D Teacher Administration Directions: I will say a word and I will segment the word into sounds. Listen. Lock, /l-ŏ-ck/. I hear 3 sounds in lock, /l-ŏ-ck /. Now it's your turn. I will say a word and you will say it back to me. The word is "bean." What are the sounds you hear in the word "bean?"						n lock,	
Correct response	Yes, when	you segment the word	"bean" into sounds, y	/ou hear /b- <b>ē</b> -n/.			
Incorrect response When I segment the word "bean" into sounds, I hear 3 sounds /b-ē-n/. Say it back to me: bean, /b-ē-n/.							
I will say a word and you will say it back to me. What are the sounds you hear in the word? If incorrect, write what the child says.							
1. sun	(s-ŭ-n)	5. nap	(n-ă-p)	9. ride	(r-ī-d)		
2. less	(l-ĕ-ss)	6. vote	(v-ō-t)	10. huge	(h-ū-j)		
3. rain	(r-ā-n)	7. miss	(m-ĭ-ss)				
4. feed	(f-ē-d)	8. cave	(C-ā-v)			/10	



Adding Phonemes (Teacher can use hand motion from the curriculum.) Teacher Administration Directions: I will say a word part. I will add a sound at the beginning to make a new word. Listen, /-at/. When I add /h/ at the beginning, the word is hat. Now it's your turn. Say /-ook/. Add /b/ at the beginning and the word is?

Correct response	Yes. When you add /l	Yes. When you add /b/ to /-ook/, the word is book.				
Incorrect response	When I add /b/ to /-o	When I add /b/ to /-ook/, the word is book. Can you say it back to me? /b - ook/, book.				
<ol> <li>Say – and.</li> <li>Add /s/ at the beginning a</li> </ol>	6. Say –own. hd the word is? (sand) Add /b/ at the beginning and the word is? (bone)					
6. Say –in. Add /p/ at the beginning a	and the word is?	(pin)	7. Say -eat. Add /m/ at the beginning and the word is? (meat)			
3. Say -ed. Add /r/ at the beginning and the word is? (red)			8. Say –oak. Add /s/ at the beginning and the word is?(soak)			
4. Say -us. Add /b/ at the beginning	and the word is?	(bus)	9. Say -are. Add /c/ at the beginning and the word is ? (car)			
5. Say –ate. Add /g/ at the beginning a	and the word is?	(gate)	10. Say –aim. Add /g/ at the beginning and the word is? (game	)/10		

Deleting Phonemes (Teacher can use hand motion from the curriculum.)						
	Teacher Administration Directions: I will say a word. I will take away the first sound and tell you what is left. The word is "man." Without /m/, what's left is "-an." Now it's your turn. Say, sock. Without /s/, what's left is?					
Correct response	Yes. Sock without /s/ is /-ock/.					
Incorrect response	Let's try it again. Say, sock. Without /s/	/, what's left is /-ock/. Can you say /-oc	k/?			
1. Say cup Without /k/, what's left is?	(-up)	6. Say dear Without /d/, what's left is?	(-ear)			
2. Say lend. Without /l/, what's left is?	(-end)	7. Say wall. Without /w/, what's left is?	(-all)			
<ol> <li>Say fox.</li> <li>Without /f/, what's left is?</li> </ol>	(-ox)	8. Say pick. Without /p/, what's left is?	(-ick)			
<ol> <li>Say seat.</li> <li>Without /s/, what's left is?</li> </ol>	? (-eat)	9. Say beach. Without /b/, what's left is?	(-each)			
<ol> <li>Say late.</li> <li>Without /I/, what's left is?</li> </ol>	(-ate)	10. Say joke Without /j/, what's left is?	(-oak)	/10		



Substituting Phonen	Substituting Phonemes (Teacher can use hand motion from the curriculum for final sounds)						
	Teacher Administration Directions: I will say a word. I will change the first sound to make a new word. The word is "my." Change /m/ to /b/ and the word is "by." Now it's your turn. Say "dot." Change /d/ to /h/ and the word is?						
Correct response	Yes. When you chang	e /d/ to /h/, the w	ord is hot.				
Incorrect response	Let's try it again. Say,	dot. Change /d/	to /h/ and the word is /h-ot/, hot. Can you say hot?				
1. Say pay. Change /p/ to /m/ and the	word is?	_ (may)	6. Say he. Change /h/ to /m/ and the word is?	(me)			
2. Say let. Change /l/ to /w/ and the word is? (wet)		_ (wet)	7. Say knock. Change /n/ to /l/ and the word is?	_ (lock)			
3. Say take. Change /t/ to /r/ and the word is? (rake)		_ (rake)	8. Say go. Change /g/ to /b/ and the word is?	(bow)			
4. Say guess. Change /g/ to /m/ and the word is? (mess)		(mess)	9. Say cone. Change /k/ to /z/ and the word is?	(zone)			
5. Say dish.10. Say read.Change /d/ to /f/ and the word is?(fish)Change /r/ to /s/ and the word is?(seed)					/10		

**Overall Results:** After the assessment has been given, the teacher identifies areas of strength and need for the child & records the findings here.

Areas of Strength:

Areas of Need & Plan for Intervention:

## Guidelines for Scoring the 1<sup>st</sup> Grade Baseline Phonemic Awareness Assessment

This assessment was created by Literacy Resources, Inc. to align to the Primary Phonemic Awareness curriculum, written by Dr. Michael Heggerty, *Phonemic Awareness: The Skills That They Need to Help Them Succeed* ©2017, ©2020. The skills assessed also align to the Phonological Awareness Standards of the Common Core State Standards for 1<sup>st</sup> Grade.

The suggested time frame in which to administer the assessment can be aligned to your school schedule of quarters or trimesters and be administered at the end of the first, or this assessment can be given at the beginning of the school year. It can also be administered when the curriculum is first being taught to your students to gather baseline data. It provides teachers with an opportunity to identify a students' area of strength, as well as a space to create a plan for intervention to address specific phonemic awareness skills.

The information gathered from the assessment is meant to inform the teacher's instruction, as the Phonemic Awareness curriculum is implemented daily within the classroom literacy block. It is recommended that students who score within the "Beginning" range for any skill would receive additional support and intervention, especially if the curriculum is being implemented in the Tier 1 core curriculum. At the beginning of a school year, this Baseline assessment can be used to determine intervention needs, but some students enter school with limited or no exposure to these skills, and most will make adequate progress through consistent whole group implementation of the daily Phonemic Awareness lessons. A strong understanding of phonemic awareness is essential as students develop their decoding and encoding skills.

Assessment 1: Baseline Assessment Administer at the Beginning of the School Year					
Phonemic Awareness Skill	Beginning	Developing	Meets		
Rhyme Production	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		
Onset Fluency	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		
Blending Syllables	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		
Isolating Final Sounds in Words	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		
Segmenting Words into Syllables	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		
Isolating Medial Sounds in Words	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		
Blending Phonemes	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		
Segmenting Words into Phonemes	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		
Adding Phonemes	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		
Deleting Phonemes	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		
Substituting Phonemes	0 - 6 correct	7-8 correct	9-10 correct		